

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

#### Revision date 2-Jan-2023

#### **Revision Number** 5

According to Article 31 of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) must be provided for hazardous substances or preparations. This product does not meet the classification criteria of the Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP). Therefore, such document is outside the scope of Article 31 of REACH and the requirements for content in each section do not apply.

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product Identifier

Steam Activated Carbon Powder; S-PAC

**Product Names:** 

**Product Group:** 

DARCO <sup>®</sup> FGD	NORIT <sup>®</sup> A SPECIAL E 153	NORIT <sup>®</sup> IMPART 280	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX 1
DARCO <sup>®</sup> FGL	NORIT <sup>®</sup> A SUPRA		NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX 1 G
DARCO <sup>®</sup> FM-1	NORIT <sup>®</sup> A SUPRA EUR	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 20BC	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX 1 G CAT
DARCO <sup>®</sup> FP-1	NORIT <sup>®</sup> A SUPRA USP	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 20BF	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX 2
	NORIT <sup>®</sup> A ULTRA E 153	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 20R	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX PLUS
DARCO <sup>®</sup> G 60	NORIT <sup>®</sup> AZO	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 20RZ	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX PLUS F CAT
DARCO <sup>®</sup> GFP		NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 200	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX PLUS LC
DARCO <sup>®</sup> GRO-SAFE	NORIT <sup>®</sup> B280FF	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 200 C	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX PLUS CAT
	NORIT <sup>®</sup> B SUPRA EUR	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 900	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX SUPER
DARCO <sup>®</sup> Hg	NORIT <sup>®</sup> B SUPRA USP	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC 1000	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX SUPER E 153
DARCO <sup>®</sup> Hg EXTRA	NORIT <sup>®</sup> B TEST EUR	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PAC BC	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX SUPER S
DARCO <sup>®</sup> Hg-BD	NORIT <sup>®</sup> B TEST USP	NORIT <sup>®</sup> PN 2	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX ULTRA
DARCO <sup>®</sup> Hg-H			NORIT <sup>®</sup> SX ULTRA CAT
DARCO <sup>®</sup> Hg-HR	NORIT <sup>®</sup> C EXTRA USP	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA 2	
		NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA 4	NORIT <sup>®</sup> VETERINAIR
DARCO <sup>®</sup> S-51	NORIT <sup>®</sup> D 10	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA 4 PAH	
DARCO <sup>®</sup> S-51A	NORIT <sup>®</sup> D ULTRA	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA 4 PAH-HF	NORIT <sup>®</sup> W28
DARCO <sup>®</sup> S-51FF	NORIT <sup>®</sup> DRK 1	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA 5 D	NORIT <sup>®</sup> W35
DARCO <sup>®</sup> S-51H	NORIT <sup>®</sup> DX 1	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA 5 PAH HF	NORIT <sup>®</sup> W52
DARCO <sup>®</sup> S-51HF	NORIT <sup>®</sup> DX 10	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA PLUS	
	NORIT <sup>®</sup> DX ULTRA	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA SUPER D	NORIT <sup>®</sup> ZN 2
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> A		NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA SUPER DD	
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> B	NORIT <sup>®</sup> E SUPRA USP	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA SUPER	
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> BSP		NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA UF	
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> C	NORIT <sup>®</sup> G 60	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SA ULTRA PAH	
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> DXE	NORIT <sup>®</sup> GH	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SAE SUPER	
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> FX	NORIT <sup>®</sup> GSX		
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> LA	NORIT <sup>®</sup> GSX CAT	NORIT <sup>®</sup> SoilPure	
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> LC			
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> LD	NORIT <sup>®</sup> HBE SUPER		
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> R - FX	NORIT <sup>®</sup> HX ULTRA		
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> S			
HYDRODARCO <sup>®</sup> W			



REACH registration number:	01-2119488894-16
Synonyms:	Activated carbon
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended use:	Liquid and vapor applications (purification, decolorization, separation, catalyst and deodorization)
Uses advised against:	None known
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	afety data sheet
	Norit Nederland B.V. Astronaut 34 Amersfoort 3824 MJ The Netherlands Tel: +31 33 464 8911 Fax: +31 33 461 7429
E-mail address:	sdssupport@norit.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency Telephone Number:	The Netherlands CHEMTREC: +(31)-858880596 International CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 or +1-703-527-3887 US: CHEMTREC: +1-703-527-3887 or 1-800-424-9300
	2 ΗΔ7ΔRDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

This substance is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### 2.2. Label elements

Signal word None

Hazard statements None

Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008) None

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

This substance is classified as hazardous as a combustible dust by the United States 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation (HPR) 2015. The signal word, hazard statement and precautionary statements in the United States and Canada are: WARNING May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Keep away from all ignition sources including heat, sparks and flame. Prevent dust accumulations to minimize explosion hazard.

This substance does not fulfill the criteria for PBT or vPvB.

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Activated carbon (especially when wet) can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces, and dangerously low levels of oxygen may result. Prior to entering a confined space that contains or previously contained activated carbon, the space should be evaluated for oxygen and carbon monoxide concentrations, and any other hazards, by a qualified person.

Workers should also take appropriate precautions when dealing with spent (used) activated carbons which may exhibit hazardous properties associated with the adsorbed materials.

Avoid generation of dust. Powdered material may form an explosible dust-air mixture. If transferring product under pressure, avoid generation of dust if an ignition source is present.

Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation. See section 5.

Do not generate dust because airborne respirable crystalline silica may be generated.

May cause mechanical irritation. Dust may be irritating to respiratory tract.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Weight-%	REACH registration number	EC No	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Specific concentration limit (SCL)	M-Factor	M-Factor (long- term)
Activated Carbon 7440-44-0	100	01-2119488894-16	931-328-0	-	-	-	-

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	If cough, shortness of breath or other breathing problems occur, move to fresh air. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist. If necessary, restore normal breathing through standard first aid measures.
Eye contact	In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	See Section 11 for additional Toxicological Information.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.	
	SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical or water spray. A fog is recommended if water is used.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. DO NOT USE high pressure media which could cause formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. In the event of a fire, spreading large amounts of activated carbon is not recommended due to the risk of creating uncontrolled dust emissions.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the	e substance or mixture	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Burning produces irritant fumes. If transferring product under pressure, avoid generation of dust if an ignition source is present.	
	Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation. An adequate air gap between packages of activated carbon is recommended to reduce risk of propagation of the event. Activated carbon is difficult to ignite and tends to burn slowly (smolder) without producing smoke or flame.	
Hazardous combustion products	Materials allowed to smolder for long periods in enclosed spaces may produce amounts of carbon monoxide which reach the lower explosive limit (carbon monoxide LEL = 12.5% in air), Used activated carbon may produce additional combustion products which are based on the substance(s) adsorbed, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2)	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protection equipment.	
	SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protectiv	e equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Avoid generation of dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8.	
Other information	Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	No special environmental measures are necessary. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.	

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods for cleaning up	Avoid dry sweeping and use water spraying or vacuum cleaning systems to prevent airborne dust generation. If the spilled material contains dust or has the potential to create dust, use explosion-proof vacuums and/or cleaning systems suitable for combustible dusts. Use of a vacuum with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filtration is recommended. Do not create a dust cloud by using a brush or compressed air. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Spent granular activated carbon may be recyclable. Dispose of virgin (unused) carbon (surplus or spillage) in a facility permitted for non-hazardous wastes. Spent (used) carbon should be disposed of in accordance with applicable laws. Do not reuse empty bags: dispose of in a facility permitted for non- hazardous wastes. See section 13.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
Reference to other sections	See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.
	SECTION 7: Handling and storage
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid generation of dust. Do not breathe dust. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation at machinery and at places where dust can be generated. Do not create a dust cloud by using a brush or compressed air. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air. Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All metal parts of the mixing and
	processing equipment must be earthed/grounded. Ensure all equipment is electrically earthed/grounded before beginning transfer operations. Fine dust is capable of penetrating electrical equipment and may cause electrical shorts. If hot work (welding, torch cutting, etc.) is required the immediate work area must be cleared of product and dust.
General hygiene considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities
Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Eliminate sources of ignition. Do not store together with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store together with volatile chemicals as they may be adsorbed onto product. Keep in properly labeled containers. Activated carbon is difficult to ignite and tends to burn slowly (smolder) without producing smoke or flame. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosible mixture if they are released in the atmosphere in sufficient concentrations. Prior to entering a confined space that contains or previously contained activated carbon, the space should be evaluated for oxygen and carbon monoxide concentrations, and any other hazards, by a qualified person.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Risk Management Methods (RMM)

Per Article 14.4 of the REACH Regulation no exposure scenario has been developed as the substance is not hazardous.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure Limits**

Exposure limits for components or similar components are stated below.

Chemical name	Activated Carbon
Chernical Hame	7440-44-0
Austria	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Adotha	STEL 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Poland	TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Chemical name	Quartz (respirable)
	14808-60-7
European Union	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Austria	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> alveolar dust, respirable fraction
Belgium	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> alveolar dust
Bulgaria	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Czech Republic	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> dust
Denmark	TWA: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total; 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable
Finland	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
France	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> alveolar fraction
Greece	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hungary	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable
Ireland	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Italy REL	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Netherlands	TWA: 0.075 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Norway	TWA: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust; 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
	STEL: 0.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust; 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
Poland	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Portugal	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Romania	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> dust, respirable fraction
Slovakia	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Spain	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Sweden	NGV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Switzerland	TWA: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
United Kingdom	TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH TLV	TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable particulate matter
Chemical name	Dust, or particulates not otherwise specified
	RR-00072-6
Belgium	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> alveolar fraction; 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable fraction
France	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable; 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> alveolar fraction
Ireland	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total inhalable; 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable
	STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total inhalable, calculated; 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable, calculated
Italy REL	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particles, calculated; 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable particles, calculated
Norway	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust; 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust
	STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> total dust, calculated; 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable dust, calculated

#### Steam Activated Carbon Powder; S-PAC

Portugal	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable fraction; 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
Slovakia	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Spain	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable fraction; 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
ACGIH TLV	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable particles, recommended
	TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> respirable particles, recommended
Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	As required under the EU Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REACH) regulation, the Activated Carbon REACH Consortium (of which Norit is a member) developed the following Derived No Effect Levels (DNELs) for Activated Carbon based on a 90-day repeated dose inhalation toxicity study in rats: DNELworker of 1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable) and DNELconsumer of 0.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable).
Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)	According to the guidelines of the EU Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals (REACH), a Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)soil of 10 mg/kg soil was derived based on an earthworm reproduction study. No other PNECs are derived.
8.2. Exposure controls	
Engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation to maintain exposures below occupational limits. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery and at places where vapors from hot product or dust can be generated. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Hand protection	Wear suitable gloves.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Respiratory protection	Approved respirator may be necessary if local exhaust ventilation is not adequate.
General hygiene considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental exposure controls	No special environmental measures are necessary. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Information given is based on data obtained from this substance or from similar substances.

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid
Appearance	Powder
Color	Black
Odor	Generally odorless. May produce slight sulfur smell when wet.
Odor threshold	Not applicable

Property_	Values	Remarks • Method
Melting point / freezing point	Vuldes	Not applicable
Boiling point / boiling range		Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable	
Flammability Limit in Air	Not hanmable	Not applicable
Flash point		Not applicable
Autoignition temperature		No data available
•		
Decomposition temperature		Not applicable
pH Kinomotio viceosity		Not applicable
Kinematic viscosity		Not applicable
Dynamic viscosity	Second shifts	Not applicable
Water solubility	insoluble	@ 20 °C, OECD 105
Solubility(ies)		Not applicable
Partition coefficient		Not applicable
Vapor pressure		Not applicable
Relative density		No data available
Bulk density	150-650 kg/m³	
Relative vapor density		Not applicable
9.2. Other information		
<b>9.2.1. Information with regard to phy</b> Not applicable	vsical hazard classes	
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
Minimum Explosive Conc.	20 g/m <sup>3</sup>	ASTM E-1515
Minimum Ignition Temperature	480 °C	ASTM E-1491
Minimum Ignition Energy	> 500 mJ	ASTM E-2019 and IEC 61241-2-3
Maximum Pressure Rise	8 bar	ASTM E-1226
Maximum Rate of Pressure Rise	465 bar/sec	ASTM E-1220 ASTM E-1226
K st	126 bar.m/s	ASTM E-1226
Explosive properties	Dust may form explosible mixture in air, Dust explosion category: ST 1	
Oxidizing properties	an, Dust explosion category. 51 1	Not applicable
	SECTION 10: Stability and re	eactivity
10.1. Reactivity		J
Reactivity	May react exothermically upon conta	ct with strong ovidizers
Reactivity	May react exothermically upon conta	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.	
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impact Sensitivity to static discharge	t None. Dust can form an explosive mixture with air. Avoid generation of dust. Do not create dust cloud by using a brush or compressed air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All metal parts of the mixing and processing equipment must be earthed/grounded. Ground and bond containers when transferring material.	

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing.
Hazardous polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	dust formation. Keep away from heat. Eliminate sources of ignition. Activated carbon (especially when wet) can deplete oxygen from air in enclosed spaces, and dangerously low levels of oxygen may result.
	Activated carbons have high surface area which may cause self-heating during oxidation.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition prod	<u>ucts</u>
Hazardous decomposition products	Materials allowed to smolder for long periods in enclosed spaces may produce amounts of carbon monoxide which reach the lower explosive limit (carbon monoxide LEL = 12.5% in air), Used activated carbon may produce additional combustion products which are based on the substance(s) adsorbed, Carbon oxides

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Information given is based on data obtained from this substance or from similar substances.

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity	
Oral LD50	> 2000 mg/kg (rat); OECD 423.
Dermal LD50	Absorption highly unlikely, no health effects known.
Inhalation LC50	> 8.5 mg/l (rat, 1 hr); OECD 403.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified. Skin irritation test, rabbit (OECD 404):
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified. Eye irritation test, rabbit (OECD 405): N

Inhalation LC50	> 8.5 mg/l (rat, 1 hr); OECD 403.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified. Skin irritation test, rabbit (OECD 404): Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Not classified. Eye irritation test, rabbit (OECD 405): Not irritating.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not classified. Not sensitizing based on Local Lymph Node Assay (OECD 429).
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified. - Gene mutation in bacteria (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay/Ames) (OECD 471): not mutagenic. - In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test (OECD 473): not clastogenic. - In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test (OECD 476): non-mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified. Repeated dose inhalation toxicity test showed no reproductive target

	organ effects, and a toxicokinetic study showed no product migration to reproductive organs.	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified.	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified. Repeated dose toxicity study, inhalation (rat) 90 days (OECD 413): NOAEC 7.29 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable). This test was conducted on activated carbon containing negligible crystalline silica; therefore activated carbon itself is not classified for STOT-RE. Although respirable crystalline silica is classified as STOT-RE1, this product contains <1% respirable crystalline silica, therefore it is not classified for STOT-RE.	
Aspiration hazard	Based on industrial experience and available data, no aspiration hazard is expected.	
11.2. Information on other hazards		
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties		
Endocrine disrupting properties	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher	
11.2.2. Other information		
Other adverse effects	No information available.	
SECTION 12: Ecological information		

Information given is based on data obtained from this substance or from similar substances.

<u>12.1. Toxicity</u>		
Ecotoxicity	Non toxic. The substance is highly insoluble in water and the substance is unlikely to cross biological membranes. No adverse ecological effects are known.	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	Not expected to degrade.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	Not expected due to physicochemical properties of the substance.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	Not expected to migrate. Insoluble.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance does not fulfill the criteria for PBT or vPvB.	
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties		

Endocrine disrupting properties	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.		
12.7. Other adverse effects			
No information available.			
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Waste from residues/unused products	Activated carbon, in its original state, is not a hazardous material or hazardous waste. Follow applicable regulations for waste disposal.		
	Spent (used) activated carbon may be classified as a hazardous waste depending upon its use, the substance(s) adsorbed, and how it is ultimately managed. Follow applicable regulations for disposal.		
	Recycling (reactivation) may be a viable alternative to disposal. Dust formation from residues in packaging should be avoided and suitable worker protection assured. Store used packaging in enclosed receptacles.		
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable.		
Waste codes / waste designations according to EWC / AVV	Waste hierarchy to be followed (Directive 2008/98/EC on waste, article 4).		

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Note: This activated carbon product is made by a steam activation process.

<u>IATA</u>	
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated
14.2	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	None
IMDG	
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated
14.2	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	None
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	No information available

RID	
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated
14.2	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Special Provisions	None
ADR	
ADR 14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated
	Not regulated
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated Not regulated
14.1 UN number or ID number 14.2	0
<ul><li>14.1 UN number or ID number</li><li>14.2</li><li>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</li></ul>	Not regulated
<ul> <li>14.1 UN number or ID number</li> <li>14.2</li> <li>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</li> <li>14.4 Packing group</li> </ul>	Not regulated Not regulated
<ul> <li>14.1 UN number or ID number</li> <li>14.2</li> <li>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</li> <li>14.4 Packing group</li> <li>14.5 Environmental hazards</li> </ul>	Not regulated Not regulated

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National regulations

Germany Water hazard class (WGK)	non-hazardous to water (nwg)
International Inventories	
TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ELINCS	Complies
ENCS	Complies
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Complies
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies
TCSI	Complies
NZIOC	Complies

Legend:

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AICS** - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**TCSI** - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

# Legend Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set World Health Organization

Prepared by:Norit B.V. - Safety, Health and Environmental AffairsRevision date:2-Jan-2023

#### Disclaimer:

The information set forth is based on information that Norit believes to be accurate. No warranty, expressed or implied, is intended. The information is provided solely for your information and consideration and Norit assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance thereon. In the event of a discrepancy between the information on the non-English document and its English counterpart, the English version shall supersede.

#### DARCO®, GRO-SAFE®, HYDRODARCO® and NORIT® trademarks are owned by Norit B.V. or its affiliates.

#### End of Safety Data Sheet